

Vinyl acetate dibutyl maleate copolymer

Toxicological Data on the Unburnt Ingredient

Vinyl acetates are used to make paints, textiles, and paper. It is also used as a coating in plastic films for food packaging and as a modifier of food starch. Vinyl acetate is listed in Annex II Regulation (EC) No 1333/2008 of the European Parliament on food additives directly added to food. The FDA have approved this substance as a food additive for substances added to food and GRAS regulations 21 CFR for use as a multipurpose additive (21CFR 172.892), adhesive (21CFR 175.105), resinous and polymeric coatings for polyolefins films (21CFR 175.320), components of coatings (21CFR 175.350), components of paper and paperboard in contact with aqueous and fatty foods (21CFR 176.170), components of paper and paperboard in contact with dry food (21CFR 176.180), ionomeric resins (21CFR 177.1330), ethylene vinyl acetate copolymers (21CFR 177.1350), ethylene vinyl acetate vinyl alcohol copolymers (21CFR 177.1360), laminate structures for use at temperatures of 250 deg.F and above (21CFR 177.1390), Filters, microporous polymeric (21CFR 177.2250), filters resin-bonded (21CFR 177.2260), and textile and textile fibres (21CR 177.2800).

References:

US FDA Code of Federal Regulations. See
<http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcr/cfrsearch.cfm>

[Regulation - 1333/2008 - EN - additives - EUR-Lex](#)